## Chapter 1

## MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

4. c

8. a

- 1. c 2. b 3
  - c 2. b 3. b
- 9. c 10. b 11. b

6. a

# VERY SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

7. d

- 12. Seed drill, because it is a modern agricultural implement unlike the others which are all traditional tools.
- 13. The field will be watered, tilled and ploughed before sowing seeds.
- 14. (i) False: Apart from good quality seeds, using appropriate agricultural practices are important for getting higher yield.
  - (ii) False: It actually enriches the soil.
  - (iii) False: Some crop plants need transplantation.
  - (iv) False: Rhizobium (bacteria) present in the cells of root
    - nodules of leguminous, plants fix nitrogen.
  - (v) True.

5. a

- 15. October to March.
- 16. Loosening the soil/maintaining high moisture levels in soil.

#### SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

17. Kharif: Rice or Soyabean, Rabi: Pea or Wheat.

Pea/Soyabean are legumes that will fix nitrogen with the help of Rhizobium.

Answers 111

18. (i)-c; (ii)-a; (iii)-b; (iv)-d

19. Crops cultivated without using any chemicals like fertilisers, pesticides, weedicides etc. are called organic foods.

20.

В	S	E	I	L	О	R	U	A	Z	Z
О	E	A	R	T	H	W	0	R	M	K
E	E	Z	L	G	o	Н	Y	н	I	U
X	D	N	U	R	E	A	S	I	С	S
D	M	0	X	Р	Т	K	Y	z	R	В
C	L	R	В	U	L	L	F	О	0	X
P	W	K	V	R	A	О	E	В	В	С
I	Q	P	G	В	G	С	W	I	E	M
M	A	N	U	R	E	V	J	U	s	Р
Q	X	F	U	S	A	Z	Т	М	U	V

Living: Seed, Earthworm, Rhizobium, Microbes, Ox

Non living: Plough, Urea, NPK, Manure, Hoe

- 21. (a) Seed drill.
  - (b) The advantages are,
    - (i) seeds are sown at a uniform distance and depth to avoid over crowding.
    - (ii) after sowing, seeds are covered by soil which prevent them from being eaten by birds.
    - (iii) It saves time and labour.
- 22. (a) Animal husbandry.
  - (b) Animals are provided with proper food, shelter and care.
- 23. Khariff: Maize, Paddy, Groundnut, Cotton.

Rabi : Mustard, Pea, Wheat, Gram.

112 EXEMPLAR PROBLEMS

## Long Answer Questions

- 24. (i) He did not use good quality seeds.
  - (ii) His field was not well irrigated.
  - (iii) Manures/fertilisers were not properly applied.
  - (iv) Weeds were not removed. More can be added to the list.
- 25. The following items are required seeds and seedlings of vegetable plants from nursery, kitchen waste, water.

### Steps for raising the garden:

- 1. Kitchen waste will be collected and composted in a pit.
- 2. A patch of land will be identified for the garden.
- 3. Soil will be dug up and levelled with the help of a spade.
- 4. Sowing of seeds / transplanting of seedlings.
- 5. Select seeds/seedlings as per the season. Water the plants regularly with a water-can.
- 6. Compost will be applied.
- 7. Weeds will be removed periodically with the help of *Khurpi*.
- 26. (a) Rainy season
  - (b) Seeds are first grown in a nursery and later seedlings are transplanted in the field.
  - (c) Grains are sun dried to reduce the moisture content and later stored in jute bags or grain silos.
- 27. (i) SILOS (ii) THRESHING (iii) IRRIGATION (iv) RIVER
  - Activity carried out in fields after maturation of crop-Harvesting
- 28. (i) Use of fertilisers and weedicides are hazardous to environment. Tractor causes air pollution.
  - (ii) Modern agricultural implements saves on both time and labour as compared to traditional equipments.
  - (iii) An example of a weedicide is 2, 4–D. Farmers should cover their mouth and nose while spraying weedicides as they can cause health hazards.
- 29. Students may come up with practical solutions during the course of discussion.
- 30. Tilling and ploughing, sowing, manuring, irrigation, de-weeding, harvesting.