## CBSE Class 10 Mathematics Revision Notes CHAPTER 07 COORDINATE GEOMETRY

- 1. Distance Formula
- 2. Section Formula
- 3. Area of a Triangle
- 1. Distance Formula: The length of a line segment joining A and B is the distance between two points  $A(x_1, y_1)$  and  $(x_2, y_2)$  is  $\sqrt{(x_2 x_1)^2 + (y_2 y_1)^2}$
- 2. The distance of a point (x, y) from the origin is  $\sqrt{(x^2 + y^2)}$ . The distance of P from x-axis is y units and from y-axis is x-units.
- 3. Section Formula: The co-ordinates of the points p(x, y) which divides the line segment joining the points  $A(x_1, y_1)$  and  $B(x_2, y_2)$  in the ratio  $m_1 : m_2$  are  $\left(\frac{m_1x_2+m_2x_1}{m_1+m_2}, \frac{m_1y_2+m_2y_1}{m_1+m_2}\right)$  we can take ratio as  $k : 1, \ k = \frac{m_1}{m_2}$
- 4. **Mid-point Formula:** The mid-points of the line segment joining the points  $P(x_1, y_2)$  and  $Q(x_2, y_2)$  is  $\left(\frac{x_1+x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1+y_2}{2}\right)$
- 5. Area of a Triangle: The area of the triangle formed by the points  $(x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2)$  and  $(x_3, y_3)$  is the numeric value of the expressions  $\frac{1}{2} |x_1 (y_2 y_3) + x_2 (y_3 y_1) + x_3 (y_1 y_2)|.$
- 6. If three points are collinear then we cannot draw a triangle, so the area will be zero i.e. $|x_1(y_2-y_3)+x_2(y_3-y_1)+x_3(y_1-y_2)|=0$